EXERCISE 25

REFERENCE MONITORS REVIEW

Write your name and answer the following on a piece of paper

Give an example of a safety property that a reference monitor might enforce. How would an inline reference monitor work to enforce that safety property?

Leaking ~~PII~~ confidential data

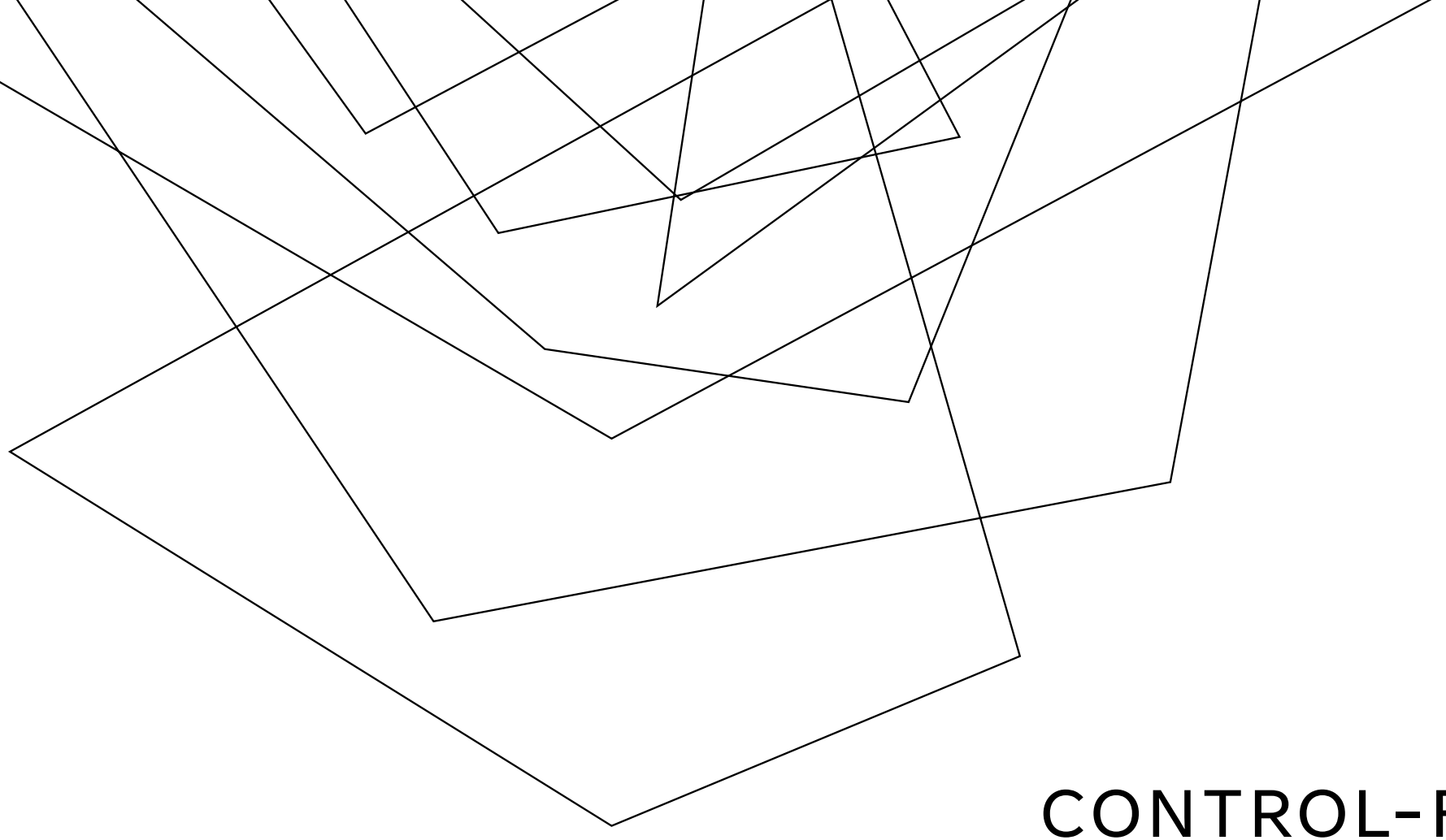
- tracking the flow of ~~PII~~ data from sources by adding tracking instructions to the binary / IR / source code
- Add a halt / sanitizer before a sink

EXERCISE 25 SOLUTION

REFERENCE MONITORS REVIEW

Write your name and answer the following on a piece of paper

Give an example of a safety property that a reference monitor might enforce. How would an inline reference monitor work to enforce that safety property?



CONTROL-FLOW INTEGRITY

EECS 677/777: Software Security Evaluation

Drew Davidson

LAST TIME: REFERENCE MONITORS

REVIEW: LAST LECTURE

Enforce Safety Properties

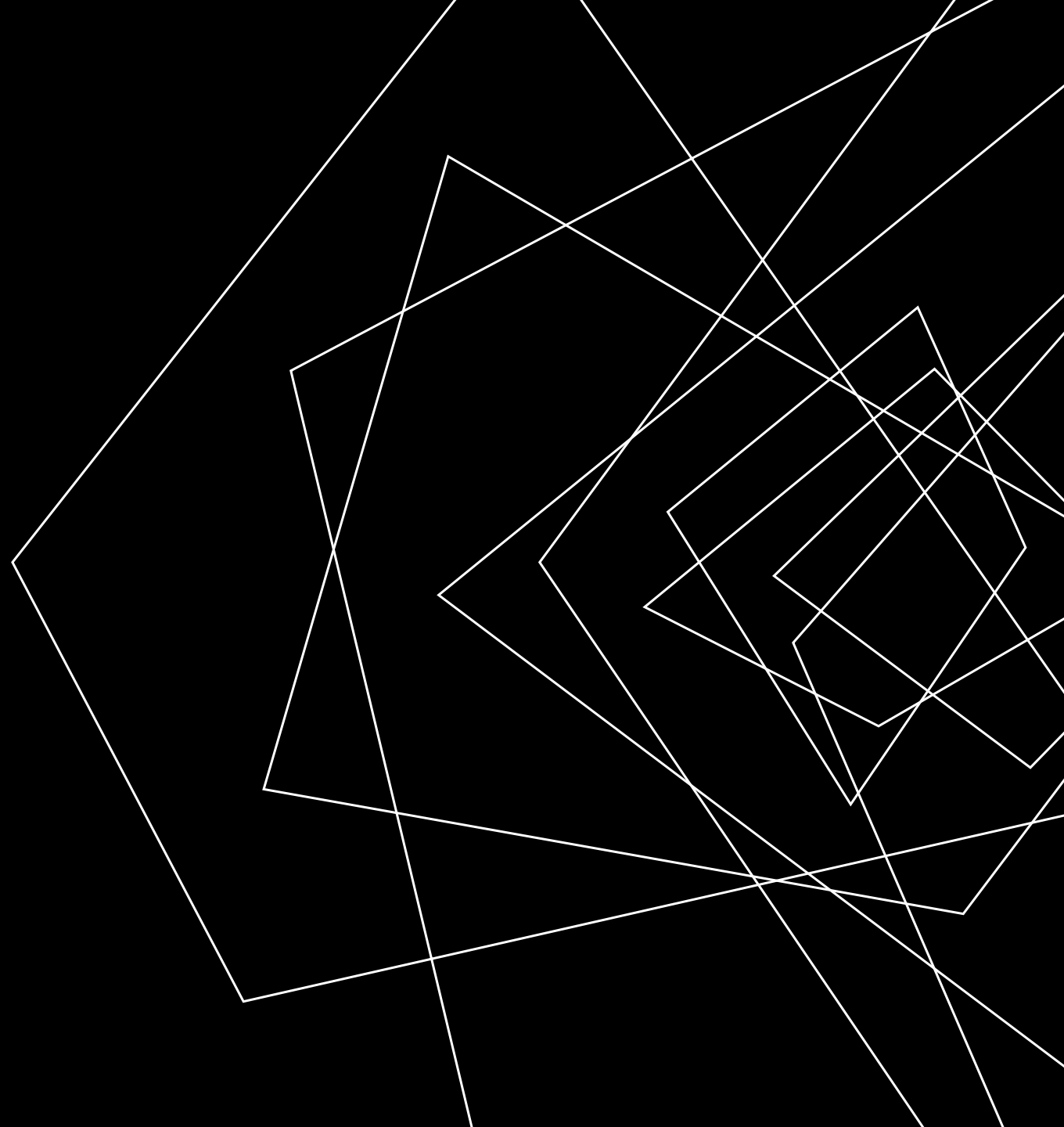
Disallow a bad event from happening

Enforce Mechanisms

IRM
Wrapper RM
Kernel RM

LECTURE OUTLINE

- Motivation
- Implementation considerations
- Practical manifestations

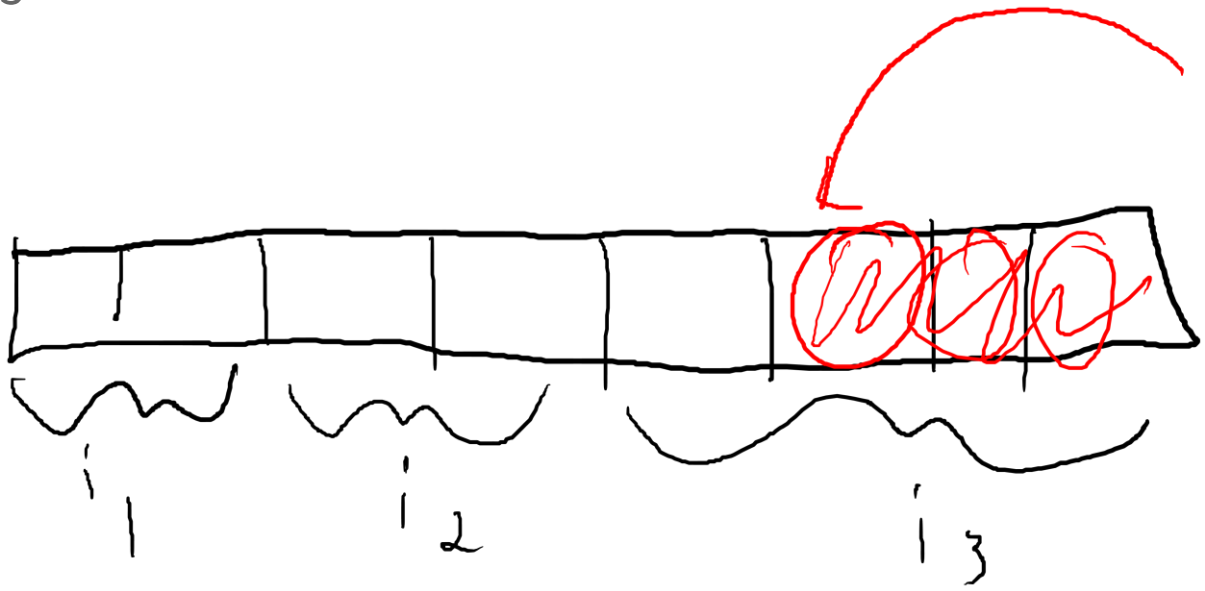


RE-ENGAGING AN OLD FOE...

MOTIVATION

JUMPING WHERE YOU SHOULDN'T

- This certainly includes ROP
- Might also involve other attacks



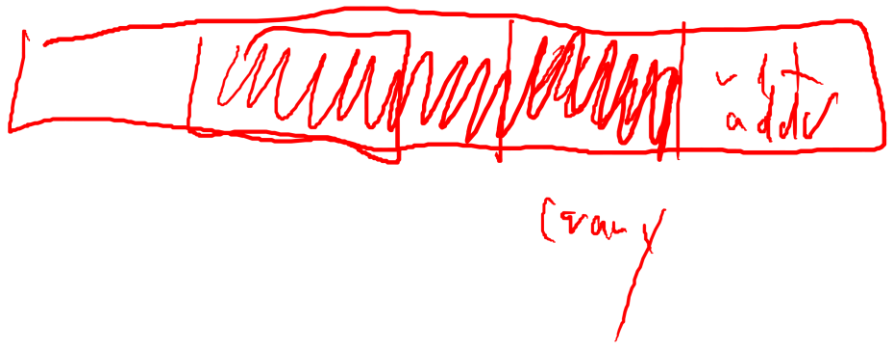
RE-ENGAGING AN OLD FOE…

MOTIVATION

JUMPING WHERE YOU SHOULDN'T

- This certainly includes ROP
- Might also involve other attacks

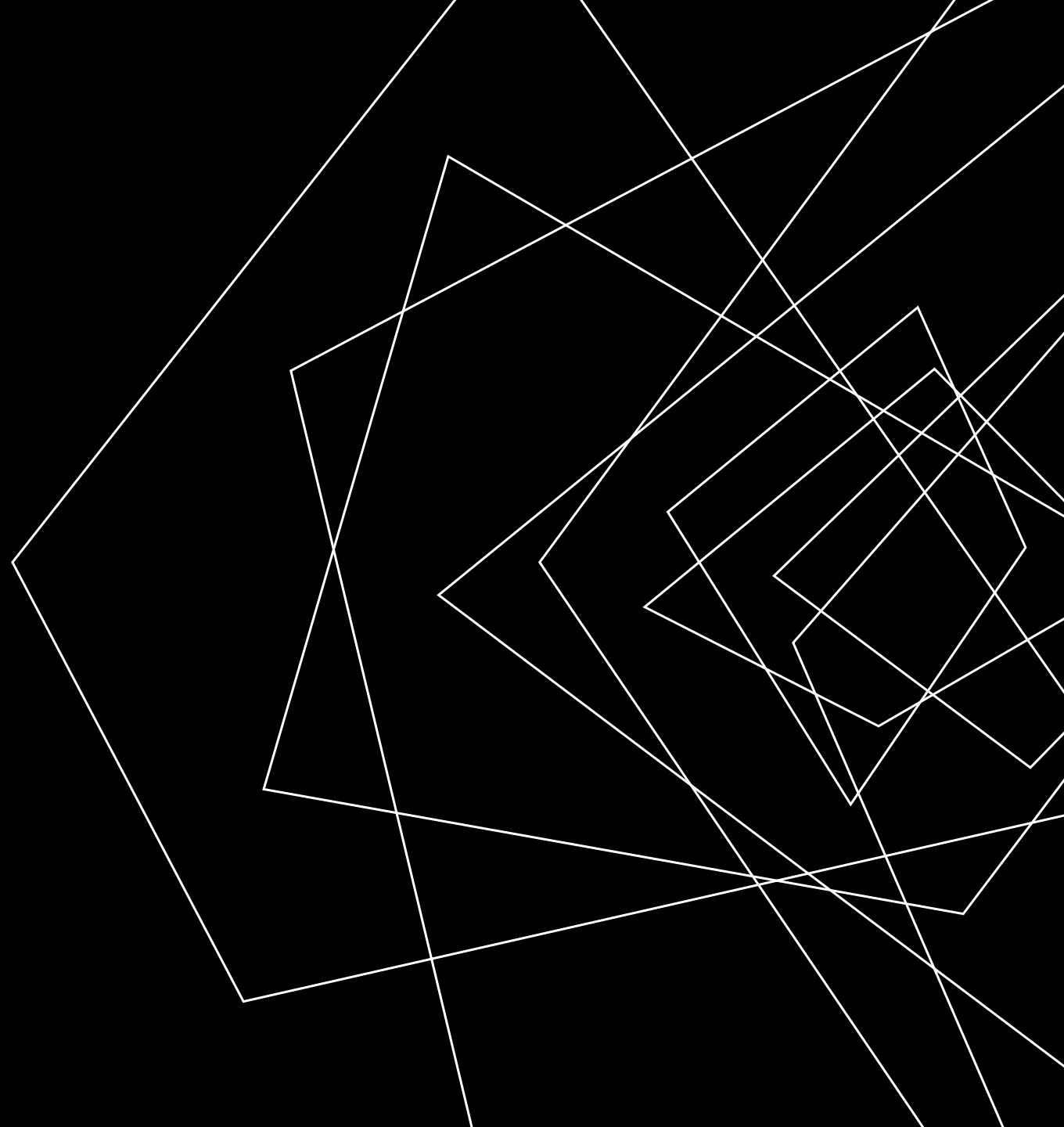
LOOK, NO RET OVERWRITE!



```c
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>

struct auth {
        char pass[4];
        void (*func)();
};

void success() { printf("Success!\n"); }
void failure() { printf("Failure\n");  }

void auth(struct auth *a) {
        if (strcmp(a->pass, "pass") == 0)
                a->func = &success;
}

int main(int argc, char **argv) {
        struct auth a;
        a.func = failure;

        printf("Enter your password:\n");
        scanf("%s", &a.pass);
        auth(&a);

        a.func();
}
```

LECTURE OUTLINE

- Motivation
- Implementation considerations
- Practical manifestations



KEY IDEA

KEEP THE CONTROL FLOW “ON RAILS”

HOW TO IMPLEMENT?

IMPLEMENTATION CONSIDERATIONS

Naïve Approach:

Encode the entire CFG into the program text

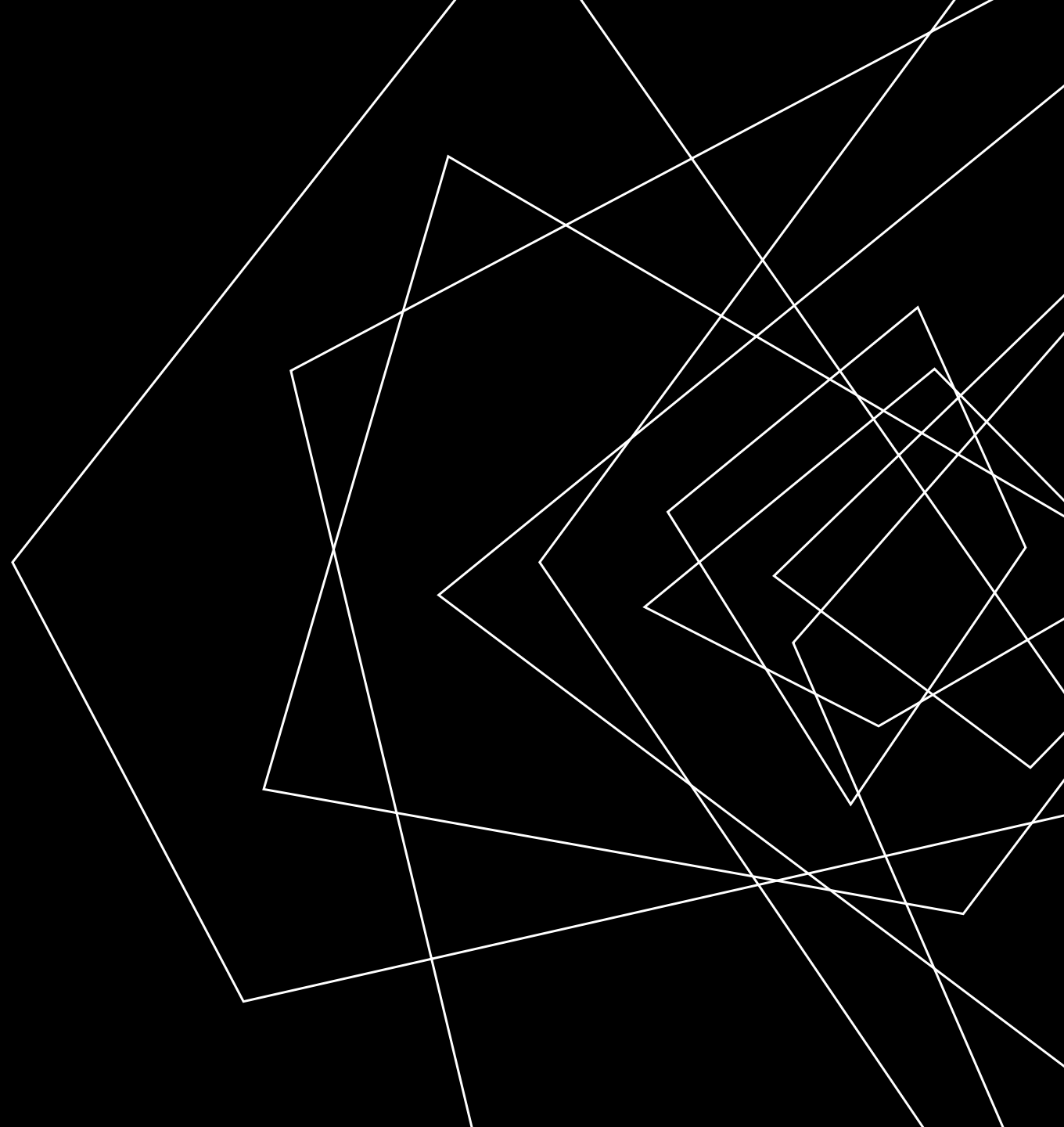
Issues:

Dynamic: overhead

Static: precision

LECTURE OUTLINE

- Motivation
- Implementation considerations
- Practical manifestations



INTEL CET
PRACTICAL MANIFESTATIONS

Control-Flow Enhancement Technology

Requires recompilation of software to support

Requires hardware support (!)

Scope

1) Prevent ret overwriting with a shadow stack

INTEL CET
PRACTICAL MANIFESTATIONS

Control-Flow Enhancement Technology

Requires recompilation of software to support

Requires hardware support (!)

Scope

1) Prevent ret overwriting with a shadow stack

2) Prevent indirect jumps into gadgets

INTEL CET
PRACTICAL MANIFESTATIONS

CET Hardware changes

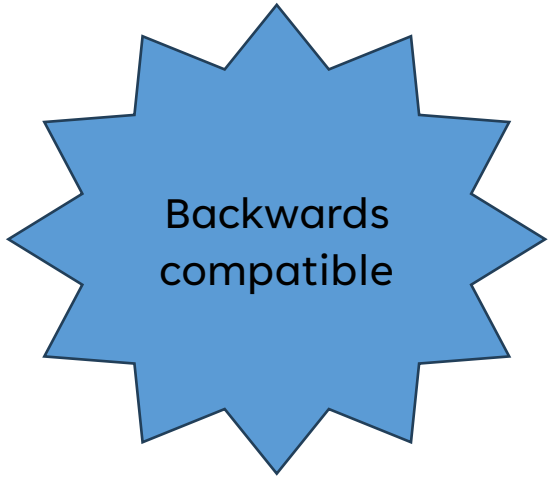
Altered semantics of the CALL and JMP

Moves a processor state machine into the WAIT_FOR_ENDBRANCH state

In WAIT_FOR_ENDBRANCH, next instruction must be the ENDBRANCH instruction

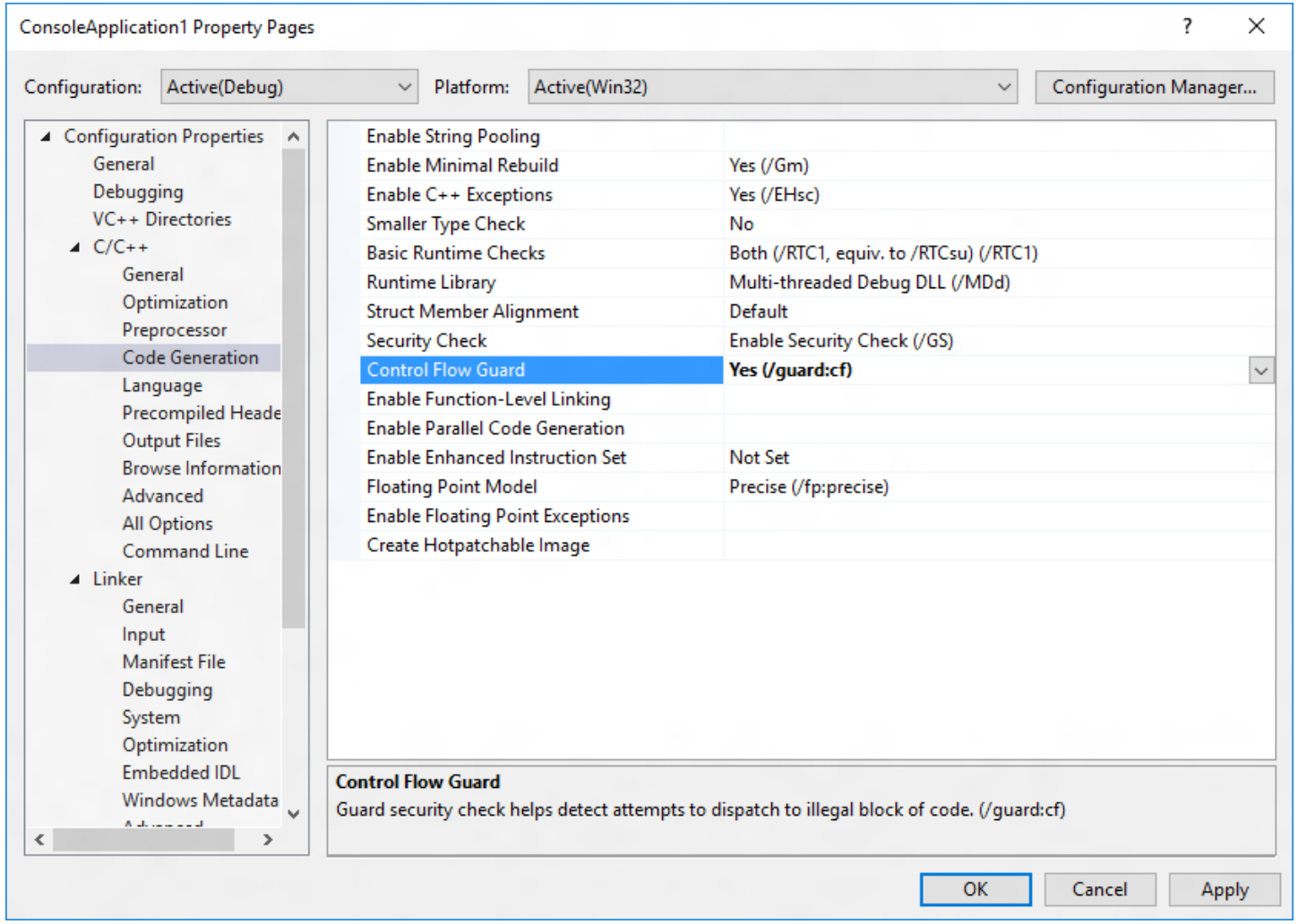
Added a new instruction at control-transfer targets

The new ENDBRANCH instruction



MICROSOFT CONTROL FLOW GUARD

PRACTICAL MANIFESTATIONS



HISTORICAL DETOUR

PRACTICAL MANIFESTATIONS: MS CONTROL-FLOW GUARD

HISTORICAL DETOUR

PRACTICAL MANIFESTATIONS: MS CONTROL-FLOW GUARD

RECALL FROM LAST TIME...

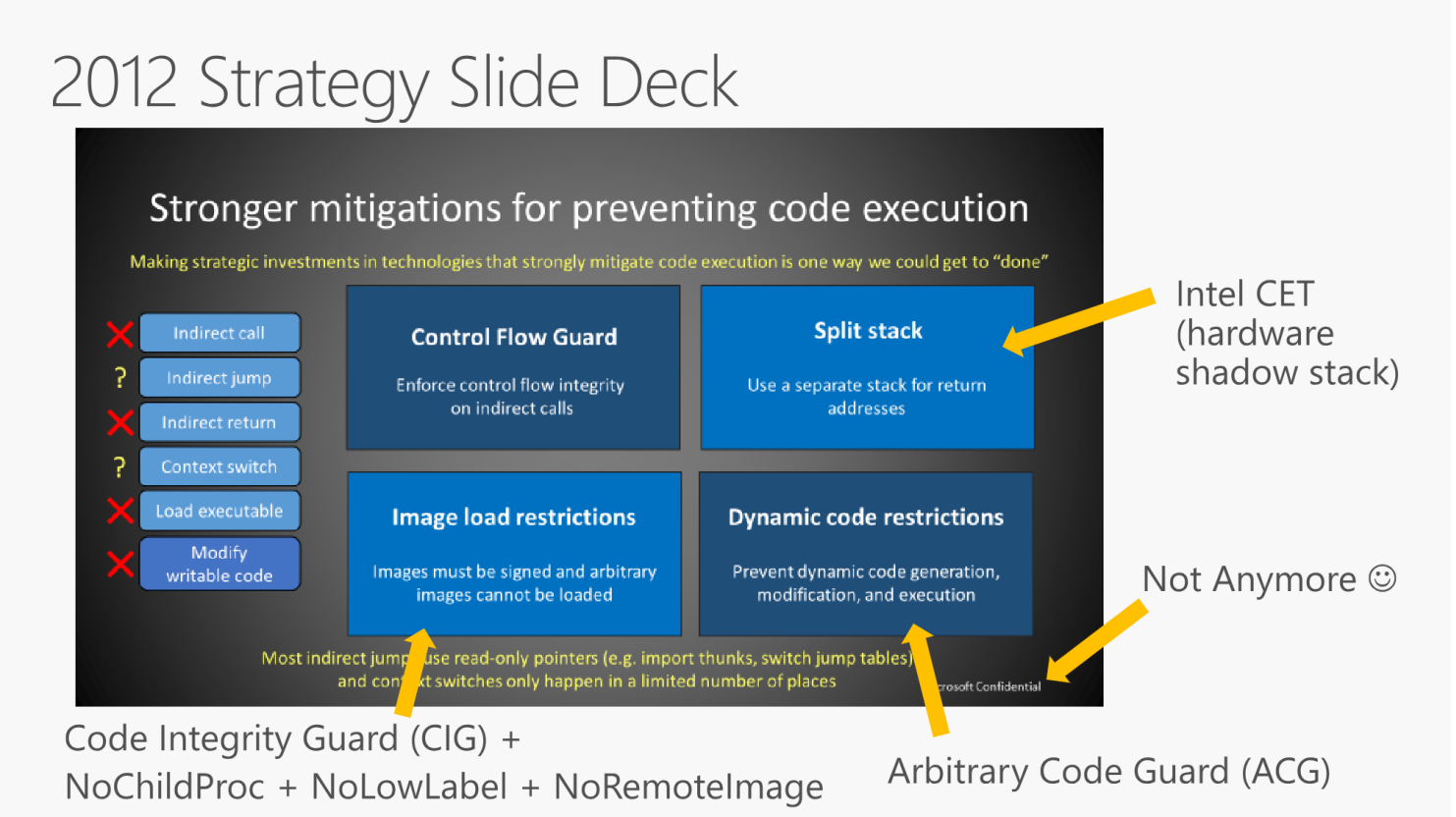
ROP attacks considered harmful

HOW INDUSTRY RESPONDED

MS CFG as a case study in a lot of interesting aspects of software security

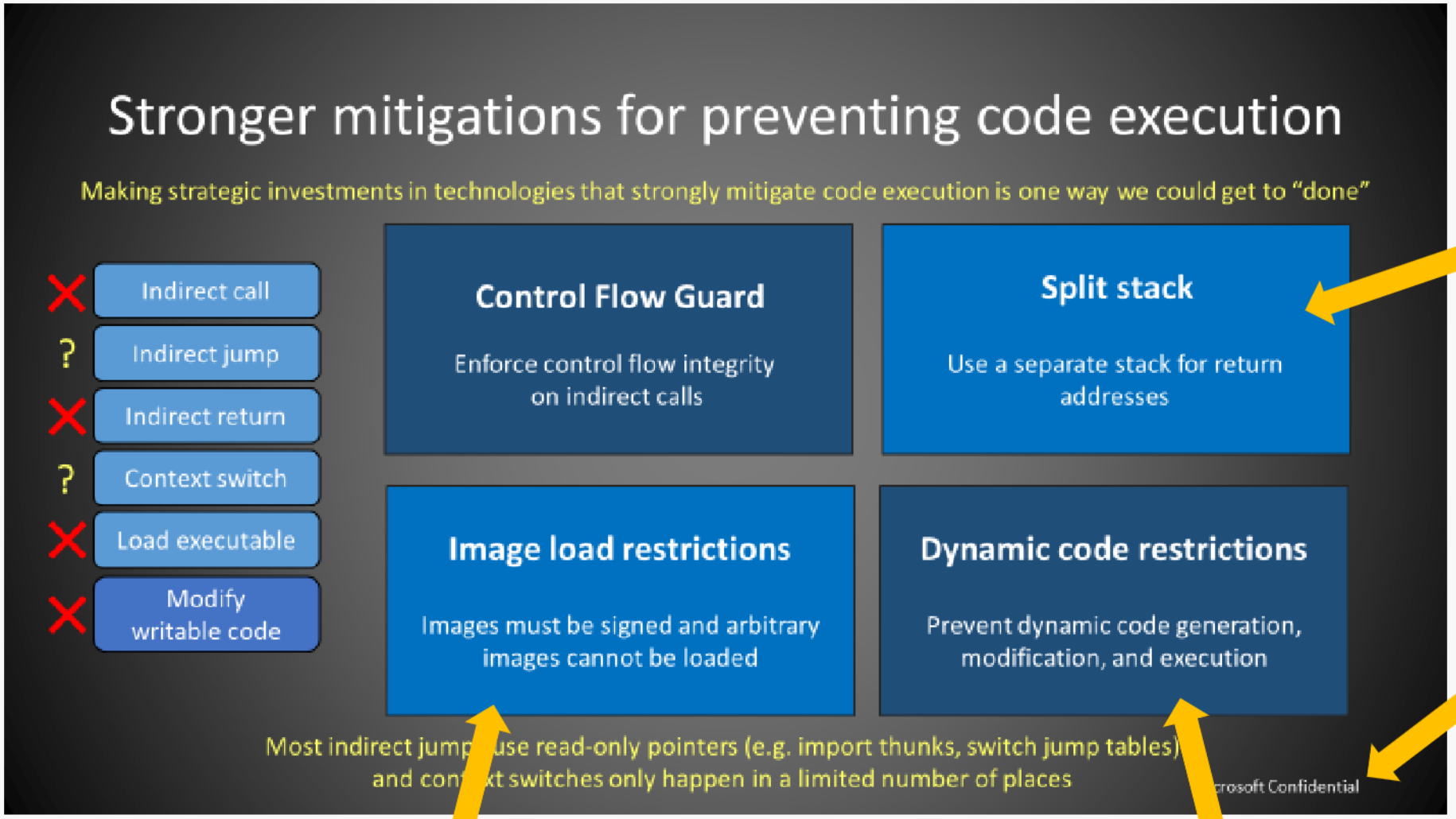
HISTORICAL DETOUR

PRACTICAL MANIFESTATIONS: MS CONTROL-FLOW GUARD



Source: https://github.com/Microsoft/MSRC-Security-Research/blob/master/presentations/2018_02_OffensiveCon/The%20Evolution%20of%20CFI%20Attacks%20and%20Defenses.pdf

2012 Strategy Slide Deck



Intel CET (hardware shadow stack)

Not Anymore ☺

Code Integrity Guard (CIG) + NoChildProc + NoLowLabel + NoRemoteImage

Arbitrary Code Guard (ACG)

HISTORICAL DETOUR

PRACTICAL MANIFESTATIONS: MS CONTROL-FLOW GUARD

This is an interesting talk!

I'd recommend you watch it: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=oOqpl-2rMTw

It comes with the historical burden of Control Flow guard

Widely-publicized issue that allowed it to be avoided

Theory

Microsoft's overarching goal is to make exploitation financially infeasible or impossible

All RCE memory corruption exploits found in-the-wild hijack control flow

Attackers often follow "path of least resistance", breaking them means increasing cost of exploitation

Constraining control flow to "legitimate" paths breaks all of these exploits as-written

After some formal thought, we believe CFI will robustly mitigate against stronger primitives

Security teams are well positioned to drive these changes

CFG had no formal threat model during very early development. Thought of as a way to kill ROP.

Hindsight is 20/20, but we did have formal thought around future exploit trends. See [1]

HISTORICAL DETOUR

PRACTICAL MANIFESTATIONS: MS CONTROL-FLOW GUARD

CONTROL FLOW GUARD HAS A HISTORICAL BURDEN

Widely-publicized issue that allowed it to be avoided

We'll get to the actual workaround, but let's talk about its impact

HISTORICAL DETOUR

PRACTICAL MANIFESTATIONS: MS CONTROL-FLOW GUARD

CONTROL FLOW GUARD

PRACTICAL MANIFESTATIONS

DETAILS

Precision: call needs to be a valid function entry point

Enforcement: OS verifies indirect control transfer destinations via a table in protected memory

PROTECTIONS

Protected destinations page in read-only memory

Read-only memory bit can be turned off by attacker ☹

CLANG'S CFI
PRACTICAL MANIFESTATIONS

DETAILS

Precision: call needs to match type signature

Enforcement: compiler-inserted checks

WRAP-UP